### STRENGTHENING COMPETITIVENESS, FACILITATING INDUSTRIAL UPGRADING

### KEY ELEMENTS & PROCESSES IN CRAFTING A STRATEGIC INDUSTRY ROADMAP

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# OUTLINE

- Why the need to craft a services roadmap?
  - Role of Government
- New Approach
  - Competition, Innovation, Productivity Framework
  - Guidelines & Fundamental Steps
  - Bottom-up Process: coordination
     & facilitation is crucial
- Application: Services Roadmap

# PART 1: STRUCTURAL TRANSFORMATION & INDUSTRY UPGRADING→ INCLUSIVE GROWTH

|      | Value Added    |     |     |               |      |      | Employment    |      |      |
|------|----------------|-----|-----|---------------|------|------|---------------|------|------|
|      | average growth |     |     | average share |      |      | average share |      |      |
|      | 80s            | 90s | 20s | 80s           | 90s  | 20s  | 80s           | 90s  | 20s  |
| GDP  | 1.7            | 3.0 | 4.7 | 100           | 100  | 100  | 100           | 100  | 100  |
| AGRI | 1.1            | 1.8 | 3.0 | 23.9          | 20.8 | 18.9 | 49.6          | 43.2 | 36.1 |
| IND  | 0.3            | 3.0 | 4.2 | 38.0          | 34.1 | 33.1 | 14.5          | 16.0 | 15.1 |
| MFG  | 0.9            | 2.5 | 4.1 | 26.3          | 24.3 | 23.7 | 9.9           | 10.0 | 9.1  |
| SER  | 3.3            | 3.6 | 5.8 | 40.4          | 42.4 | 48.0 | 35.9          | 40.9 | 48.8 |

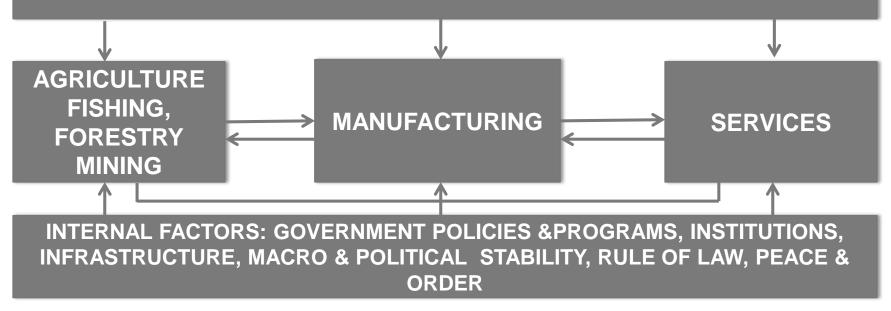
Need structural transformation, industry upgrading

- 800K new entrants/year; 3M unemployed; 7.3M underemployed
- Services cannot provide all the needed jobs
- Manufacturing can employ skilled, semi-skilled, unskilled

□ To attract investments, new industrial policy

### COMPREHENSIVE NATIONAL INDUSTRY STRATEGY (CNIS) FRAMEWORK

EXTERNAL FACTORS: GLOBALIZATION, REGIONAL/BILATERAL/MULTILATERAL TRADING ARRANGEMENTS, GLOBAL & REGIONAL PRODUCTION NETWORKS



- 3 Main Channels: Competition, Innovation, Productivity
- Structural Transformation, move up the value chain 
   inclusive
   growth & job creation
- Globally competitive industries, strong domestic & global linkages

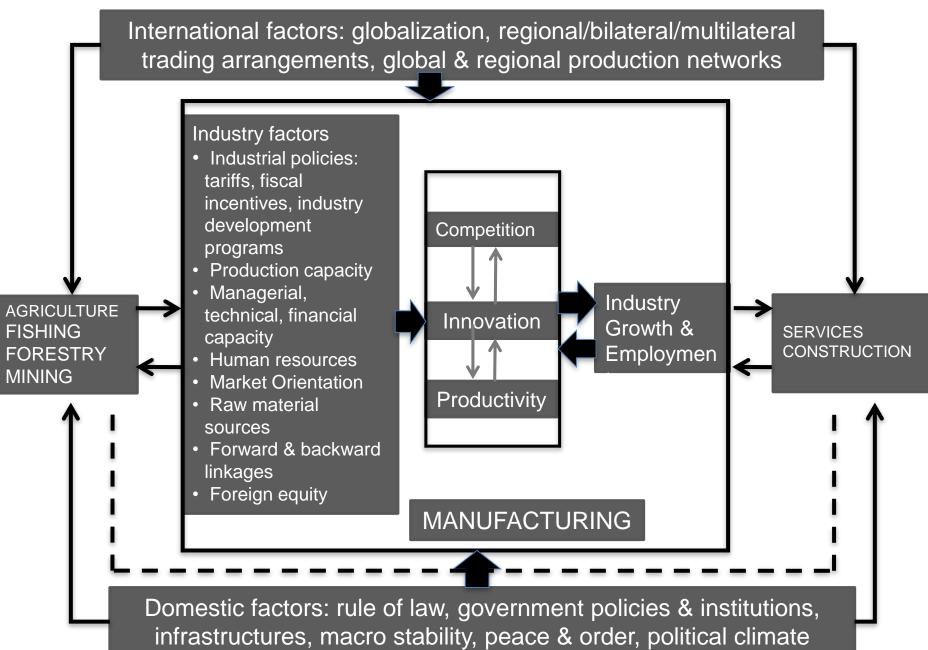
### **ROADMAP FOR FASTER, MORE INCLUSIVE GROWTH: ROLE OF GOVERNMENT**

- Growth oriented action to upgrade industries, promote diversification, facilitate transformation
- Pro active, facilitating government
  - encourage producers to take risks, address market & government failures, changes in institutions & policies
- Where to devote government's energies & resources, strategy, priorities
- Government: not proximate cause of growth, but private sector, investment & entrepreneurship
- Political will, effective, stable, honest government

## STRATEGIC ELEMENTS IN FACILITATING TRANSFORMATION & DEVELOPING INDUSTRIES

- Maintain a competitive market system
- Follow comparative advantage
- Target sectors that conform to the economy's latent comparative advantage
- Focus on supply & value chains
- Upgrade endowments: capital, labor, natural resources; hard & soft infrastructure
   income growth

### **PART 2: COMPETITION, INNOVATION, PRODUCTIVITY**



### **STEPS IN ROADMAP FORMULATION**

What are the existing & future growth potentials of the industry in both domestic and export markets?

- 1. Identify dynamically growing tradable industries; watch out for self-discovery by firms
  - Benchmarking: fast growing countries with similar endowment structure & with 100% higher per capita income & identify high industries that have grown well for the last 20 years
  - Product space by Hausman (Usui 2012)
  - Revealed comparative advantage measures
- 2. See if private sector is already in these industries; are there existing or nascent activities? if none, seek FDI

# **STEPS IN ROADMAP FORMULATION (CONT'D)**

What are the obstacles preventing the firms from upgrading the quality of their products? Entry of new firms?

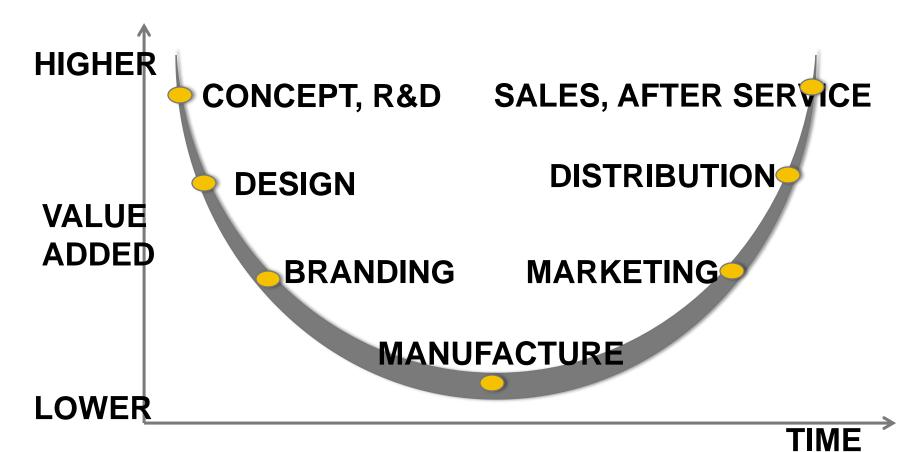
Identify constraints to upgrading & firm entry

- Value/Supply Chain analysis
- Growth Diagnostics by Hausman, Rodrik & Velasco (2005)

Dialogues & consultations with private sector

Cross-cutting constraints: power, other utilities, domestic shipping costs, bureaucracy, smuggling, etc Industry specific constraints: high cost & lack of raw materials, absence of upstream/downstream industries

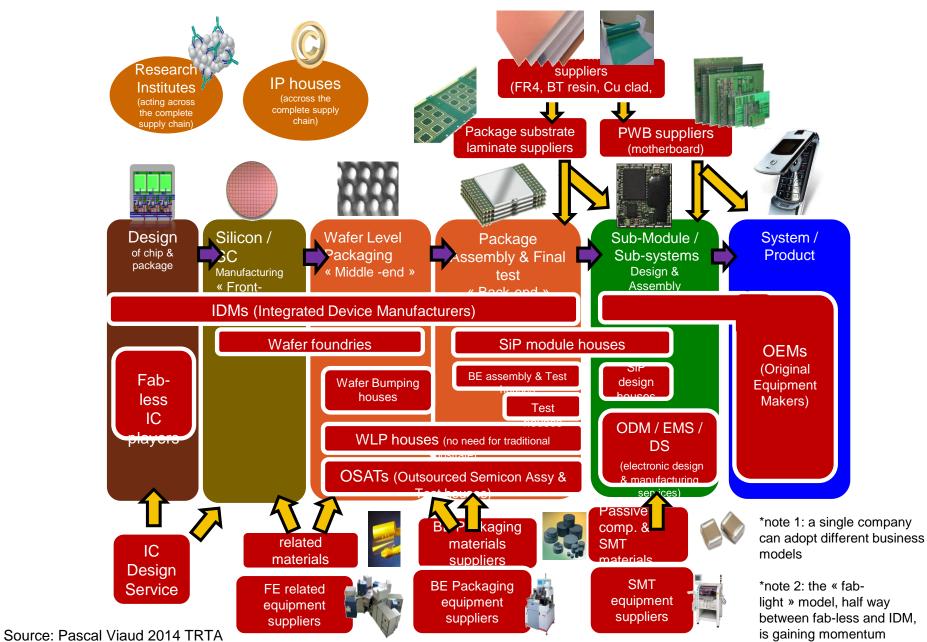
# **STAN SHIH'S SMILE CURVE**



Opportunities for upgrading & diversification in both upstream & downstream in goods & services

Strategic positioning in the GVC

### **GLOBAL INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SUPPLY CHAIN**



### HRV Framework: identify most binding constraints



Source: Hausmann, R., D. Rodrik, and A. Velasco 2005. Growth Diagnostics.

# Develop growth strategies based on opportunities & constraints; growth diagnostics -> policy priorities

Address constraints that have the greatest impact on growth

## STEPS IN ROADMAP FORMULATION (CONT'D)

- 4. Take action to remove constraints: latch on to regional production networks, increase capacity to export; enable domestic firms especially SMEs to increase their chances of survival
  - Horizontal interventions: protection of property rights, improvement of overall business & investment environment, R&D, industrial clusters, economic zones
  - Vertical interventions: incentive measures to address market failure such as tax incentives for a limited time, direct credits, access to raw materials & capital equipment
  - Coordination mechanisms: industry councils to serve as venues for deliberation and coordination between the government & private sector

## PART 3: STRATEGIC SERVICES ROADMAP

Globalization/regional economic integration AEC 2015

- Global/Regional Production Networks
- Productivity/competitiveness crucial
- **To attract investments, new industrial policy** 
  - Remove obstacles to growth
  - Efficient use of existing capacity & expansion
  - Deepen participation in regional production networks
  - Innovation & Technology Upgrading

New Industrial policy: coordination/facilitation, creation of proper environment for private sector development

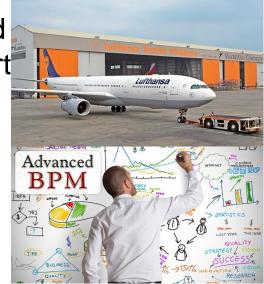
## AREAS OF COMPARATIVE ADVANTAGE

 Pool of skilled, semi-skilled, highly-skilled workers are our main source of strength, drivers of services exports

#### **Comparative advantage**

- Current comparative advantage
  - IT-BPM, business services
- Potential comparative advantage
  - Creative/knowledge-based services
  - Medical tourism, Tourism & travel related
  - Educational, recreational, cultural & sport
  - Aircraft MRO, ship repair
  - Distribution (retail, franchising)
  - Construction & engineering
  - Transport support





# **HORIZONTAL CONSTRAINTS**

| Major Area                    | Main Issues & Constraints  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Infrastructure<br>& Logistics | <ul> <li>High cost &amp; unpredictability of power</li> <li>High cost of domestic shipping &amp; logistics</li> </ul>  |
| Governance & Regulation       | <ul> <li>Smuggling, corruption, bureaucracy/red tape</li> <li>Lack of streamlining/automation of interrelated business procedures /Lack of transparency</li> <li>Permits issued by LGUs, national agencies (DENR's ECC, BI visa, BFAD regulations, BIR registration)</li> <li>60-40% Foreign Equity Rule</li> <li>Weak competition &amp; regulation</li> </ul> |

# **VERTICAL CONSTRAINTS**

| Area                       | Main Issues & Constraints   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Supply/value<br>chain gaps | <ul> <li>Absence of raw materials (upstream);<br/>weak parts &amp; components sector (mid-<br/>stream); downstream</li> </ul> |
| SME                        | <ul> <li>Access to finance, technology upgrade,<br/>inability to comply with product standard<br/>regulations</li> </ul>      |
| HRD                        | <ul> <li>Lack of skilled workers, engineers,<br/>trainings</li> </ul>   |
| Innovation                 | <ul> <li>Industry-academe linkages new product<br/>development, R&amp;D facilities</li> </ul>                                 |

## **SERVICES STRATEGIES**

Vision: globally competitive services sector to create quality jobs, move up value chain & enable structural transformation

| Increase<br>investments in<br>infrastructure<br>services | <ul> <li>Logistics ,Telecommunications, Finance,<br/>Energy, Water</li> <li>Crucial for competitiveness improvement,<br/>production networks &amp; GVCs</li> </ul> |
|--|--|
|  |  |
| Move up to high<br>value added<br>services in GVCs       | <ul> <li>R&amp;D, design, logistics, financial,<br/>marketing, distribution, after-sales<br/>services</li> <li>Support industries</li> </ul>                       |
|  |  |
| Increase use of<br>services in<br>manufacturing          | <ul> <li>Input side: high quality services like design, marketing</li> <li>Output side: manufacturing firms engaging in ancillary services</li> </ul>              |

# **POTENTIAL SERVICES SECTORS**

- Business Services
- IC Design
- Creative industries/knowledge-based services: animation, software development, game development, health information systems
- Ship repair
- □ Maintenance, repair, & overhaul of aircraft
- Infrastructure Services
- Energy
- Public infrastructure & logistics: airports, seaports; air, land & water transport, water treatment & supply
- PPP projects
- Tourism, Construction

# **STRATEGIC ACTIONS**

Optimize supplychain

Maximize FTA gains by promoting trade in services that harness GVC potentials integration of manufacturing & services

Improve regulatory & institutional frameworks: trade & investment liberalization, competition law & policy

Strengthen HRD: make education more industry appropriate increase competitiveness of services to help markets work better & strengthen industries Innovation policy: technology extension services; metrology, stds testing, & QC; incubation

## **ROADMAP SPECIFIC ELEMENTS**

- Analysis of the State of the Industry: structure, economic performance, contribution
- **Government Policies & Programs to Develop the Industry**
- Impact of AEC 2015 & other FTAs: performance, competition, adjustment measures, investment
- Supply/Value chain analysis: gaps & potential growth areas; growth trajectories, where to position PH in GVC
- Most binding constraints preventing firms from upgrading & new entrants from coming in: raw materials/inputs, technology, labor, regulatory environment
- **SWOT** Analysis
- □ Vision, Goals, Targets, and Timeline
- Strategic Actions and Policy Recommendations to Attain Industry Growth Trajectory

